## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

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FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report: February 27, 1997

RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL, INC. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Virginia (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 1-9819 (Commission File Numb 52-1549373 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

10900 Nuckols Road, Richmond, Virginia 23060 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (804) 217-5800

4880 Cox Road, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060 (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Item 5. Other Events.

Attached as Annex A are the consolidated financial statements of Resource Mortgage Capital, Inc., and the independent auditor's report thereon, for the year ended December 31, 1996.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL, INC.

February 27, 1997

By: /s/ Thomas H. Potts

Thomas H. Potts President

# Resource Mortgage Capital, Inc.

# Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 1996 and 1995

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL, INC.

December 31, 1996 and 1995 (amounts in thousands except share data) <TABLE>

<s> ASSETS</s>	<c> 1996</c>	<c> 1995</c>
Investments:    Portfolio assets:         Collateral for collateralized bonds         Mortgage securities         Other    Loans held for securitization	\$2,702,294 892,037 96,236 265,537	27,585
Cash Accrued interest receivable Other assets	3,956,104 11,396 8,078 11,879 ======= \$3,987,457 ======	3,425,984 22,229 14,851

# LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

# LIABILITIES

	3,483,840	3,135,215
Other liabilities	27,843	43,399
Accrued interest payable	2,717	5 <b>,</b> 278
Notes payable	177,124	154,041
Repurchase agreements	756 <b>,</b> 448	1,983,358
Collateralized bonds	\$ 2,519,70	

# SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share,		
50,000,000 shares authorized:		
9.75% Cumulative Convertible Series A,		
1,552,500 issued and outstanding,	35,460	35,460
respectively		
9.55% Cumulative Convertible Series B,		
2,196,824 issued and outstanding,	51,425	51,425

respectively 9.73% Cumulative Convertible Series 1,840,000 and none issued and		52 <b>,</b> 740	-
outstanding, respectively Common stock, par value \$.01 per share, 50,000,000 shares authorized,			
20,653,593 and 20,198,654 issued and outstanding, respectively		207	
Additional paid-in capital Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments available-for-sale		291,637 64,402	281,508 (4,759)
Retained earnings (deficit)		7,746	(9,013)
		503 <b>,</b> 617	
			\$3,490,038 ======
See notes to consolidated financial statem			

 nents. | ====== | ====== ||  |  |  |  |
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL, INC.			
(amounts in thousands except share data)		1995	
Interest income:  Collateral for collateralized bonds  Mortgage securities  Other portfolio assets  Loans held for securitization	129,2 4,700 29,43	75\$ 61,007 53 161,889 2,63 9 28,34	157,701 7 765 9 35,121
	312,0	67 253,882	227,306
Interest and related expense:  Collateralized bonds  Repurchase agreements  Notes payable	117,0° 105,9°	70 50,984 70 142,47	32,840
8,195 11,186 6,189 2,819 3,931 6,998 3,106 2,888 2,124

-----237,160 211,463 182,942 \_\_\_\_\_ 74,907 42,419 44,364

1,116 2,963 1,454 (20,763) (18,123) (21,284)

\$73,048 \$36,910 \$ 52,257

(10,009) (2,746 ) ------ -----

\$63,039 \$ 34,164 \$52,257

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\$ 3.08 \$ 1.70 \$2.64 \$ \$ \$ \$ 2.96 1.70 2.64

\_\_\_\_\_ \$ 73,04 \$ 36,910 \$52,257

1,116

Provision for losses

General and administrative expenses

Dividends on preferred stock Net income available to common

Gain on sale of single-family mortgage 17,285 -

Gain on sale of assets, net of associated 503 9,651 27,723

Notes payable

Net interest margin

operations

Other income

Net income

Net income

shareholders

Per common share: Primary

Fully diluted

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL,
INC.

Years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 (amounts in thousands) except share data)

Years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 (amounts in thousands except share data) <TABLE>

(IADLE)	Preferred Stock		dditional Paid-in Capital	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments Available-for-Sale	Earnings	Total
<s> Balance at December 31, 1993</s>		:> <c 193 \$</c 	259 <b>,</b> 622	<c> \$ -</c>	<c> \$ (6,783)</c>	<c> \$ 253,032</c>
Issuance of common stock Net income - 1994 Change in net unrealized loss	- -	8 -	19,674	- -	- 52 <b>,</b> 257	19,682 52,257
on investments available-for-sale (72,678)	-	-	-	(72,678	) –	
Dividends on common stock at \$2.76 per share (54,822)	-	-		-	(54,822)	
			-			
Balance at December 31, 1994	-	201	279,296	(72,678	(9,348)	197,471
Issuance of common stock Series A preferred stock issued,	-	1	2,212	-	-	2,213
net of issuance costs	35,460	-		-	-	35,460
Series B preferred stock issued, net of issuance costs	51,425			-	-	51,425
Net income - 1995	-	-		-	36,910	36,910
Change in net unrealized loss on investments available-for-sale	-			67,919	-	67 <b>,</b> 919
Dividends on common stock at \$1.68 per share (33,829)	-	-		-	(33,829)	
Dividends on preferred stock (2,746)	-	-		-	(2,746)	
		-	· ·			
 Balance at December 31, 1995	86,885	202	281,508	(4,759	(9,013)	354,823
Issuance of common stock	-	5	10,129	-	-	10,134
Series C preferred stock issued, net of issuance costs	52,740	-		-	-	52,740
Net income - 1996	-	_ _ _		-	73,048	73,048
Change in net unrealized loss on investments available-for-sale	-	-		69,161	-	69,161
Dividends on common stock at \$2.27 per share (46,280)	-	- -		-	(46,280)	

Balance at December 31, 1996 \$ 139,625 \$ 207 \$ 291,637 \$ 64,402 \$ 7,746 \$ 503,617

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</TABLE>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL, INC.

Years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and

(amounts in thousands)

<TABLE>

<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Operating activities:	A 50 040	<b>*</b> 26.010	A50.055
Net income	\$ 73,048	\$36,910	\$52,257
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating			
activities:  Provision for losses  Net gain from sale of portfolio	•		2,124 ) (7,685 )
assets Gain on sale of single-family	(17,285	) –	-
operations  Amortization and depreciation  Net increase in accrued	23,046	14,091	8,006
interest, other    assets and other liabilities    Other	(22,891		) (3,006 ) ) (2,092 )
Net cash provided by operating activities		39,054	49,604
Investing activities:     Collateral for collateralized bonds:         Fundings of loans subsequently securitized         Principal payments on collateral			
Net change in funds held by trustees		952	•
	(1,104,42	(502,852	) 55,088
Net (increase) decrease in loans held for securitization			•
Purchase of collateralized bonds, net	_	_	(1,890)
Purchase of other portfolio assets Payments on other portfolio assets Purchase of mortgage securities Principal payments on mortgage securities	12,117 (106,510	4,939	)(890,170)
Proceeds from sales of mortgage	505,708	634,364	251,454
securities Proceeds from sale of single-family operations	20,413	-	-
Capital expenditures	(3,162	) (911	) (1,990)
Net cash (used for) provided by investing activities		) 254,859	107,684
Financing activities:  Collateralized bonds:  Proceeds from issuance of	2 060 400	670 101	60 070
securities  Principal payments on securities (	2,060,402 (448,238)(		

	=======================================	=== ======
Cash at end of year	\$ 11,396 \$22,22	9 \$7,914
Net (decrease) increase in cash Cash at beginning of year	(10,833 ) 14,3 22,229 7,9	
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	394,713 (279,5	98 )(150,923 )
Repayments of borrowings, net Proceeds from stock offerings, net Dividends paid	(1,228,60) (847,6 62,874 89,0 (51,721) (25,0	19,682
	1,612,164 503,9	(62,480)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

</TABLE>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RESOURCE MORTGAGE CAPITAL, INC.

December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 (amounts in thousands except share data)

#### NOTE 1 - THE COMPANY

The Company is a mortgage and consumer finance company which uses its loan production operations to create investments for its portfolio. The Company originates or purchases mortgage loans and consumer installment loans throughout the United States. Currently, the Company's primary production operations include the origination of mortgage loans secured by multi-family properties and the origination of loans secured by manufactured homes. The Company will securitize the loans funded principally as collateral for collateralized bonds, limiting its credit risk and providing long-term financing for those loans securitized. The Company may also use other securitization vehicles for its loan production, such as pass-through securities.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Resource Mortgage Capital, Inc., its wholly owned subsidiaries (together, Resource Mortgage) and certain other affiliated entities (collectively, the Company). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain amounts for 1995 and 1994 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation for 1996.

#### Federal Income Taxes

Resource Mortgage has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (REIT) under the Internal Revenue Code. As a result, Resource Mortgage generally will not be subject to federal income taxation at the corporate level to the extent that it distributes at least 95 percent of its taxable income to its shareholders and complies with certain other requirements. No provision has been made for income taxes for Resource Mortgage and its qualified REIT subsidiaries in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as Resource Mortgage believes it has met the prescribed distribution requirements.

## Portfolio Assets

Collateral for Collateralized Bonds. Collateral for collateralized bonds consists of single-family and multi-family mortgage loans which have been pledged to secure collateralized bonds. Loans are carried at their outstanding principal balances, net of unamortized premiums and discounts.

Mortgage Securities. Mortgage securities consist of adjustable-rate mortgage securities (ARMs), fixed-rate mortgage securities, mortgage derivative securities and mortgage residual interests.

Other Portfolio Assets. Other portfolio assets consists of a note receivable at December 31, 1996 of \$47,500 received in connection with the sale of the Company's single-family mortgage operations in May 1996 (see Note 11), financing lease receivables and single-family homes leased to home builders. Other portfolio assets are considered held to maturity and are therefore reported at their amortized cost basis.

Available-for-Sale Investments. Pursuant to the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities, the Company has classified collateral for collateralized bonds and mortgage securities as available-for-sale. These portfolio assets are therefore reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of

shareholders' equity. The basis of any securities sold is computed using the specific identification method. Any of these investments may be sold prior to maturity to support the Company's investment strategies.

#### Loans Held for Securitization

Loans held for securitization at December 31, 1996 include mortgage loans secured by multi-family and single-family residential properties and installment loans secured by manufactured homes. These loans were originated through the Company's loan production operations and will generally be securitized as collateral for collateralized bonds. These loans are carried at their unpaid principal balance, net of any unamortized discount or premium and adjusted for deferred hedging gains or losses, if any.

#### Price Premiums and Discounts

Price premiums and discounts on mortgage securities, collateral for collateralized bonds and collateralized bonds are deferred as an adjustment to the basis of the related investment or obligation and are amortized into interest income or expense, respectively, over the life of the related investment or obligation using the effective yield method adjusted for the effects of prepayments.

#### Deferred Issuance Costs

Costs incurred in connection with the issuance of collateralized bonds are deferred and amortized over the estimated lives of the collateralized bonds using the interest method adjusted for the effects of prepayments. These costs are included in the carrying value of the collateral for collateralized bonds.

#### Hedging Instruments

The nature of the Company's investment and financing strategies expose the Company to interest rate risk. Interest rate cap agreements may be utilized to limit the Company's risks related to the financing of certain investments should short-term interest rates rise above specified levels. The amortization of the cost of such interest rate cap agreements will reduce net interest margin on the related investment over the lives of the interest rate cap agreements. The remaining unamortized cost is included with the related investment in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company may also enter into financial futures and options contracts and interest rate swaps to moderate the interest rate risks inherent in the financing of its mortgage securities. Revenues or costs associated with financial futures and options contracts are recognized in income or expense in a manner consistent with the accounting for the asset or liability being hedged. Revenues and costs associated with interest rate swaps are recorded as adjustments to interest expense on the financing obligation being hedged.

The Company may also enter into forward delivery contracts and into financial futures and options contracts for the purpose of reducing exposure to the effect of changes in interest rates on loans which the Company has funded or committed to fund. Gains and losses on such contracts are either (i) deferred until such time the related loans are sold, or (ii) deferred as an adjustment to the carrying value of the related loan and amortized into income over the life of the loan using the effective yield method adjusted for the effects of prepayments.

#### Cash

Approximately \$6,600 and \$5,400 of cash at December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively, is restricted for the payment of premiums on various insurance policies related to certain mortgage securities, or is held in trust to cover losses not otherwise covered by insurance. Cash at December 31, 1995 also included approximately \$15,300 of deposits in-transit from repurchase agreement counterparties or the trustee for certain mortgage securities pledged as collateral for repurchase agreements.

## Net Income Per Common Share

Net income per common share as shown on the consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 is presented on both a primary net income per common share and fully diluted net income per common share basis. Fully diluted net income per common share assumes the conversion of the convertible Preferred Stock into common stock, using the if-converted method, and dilutive Stock Appreciation Rights, using the Treasury Stock method. The average number of shares is increased by the assumed conversion of convertible items, but only if these items are dilutive. For the year ended December 31, 1996 only, the Company's Preferred Stock and Stock Appreciation Rights were dilutive. The Preferred Stocks are convertible to shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis. The following table summarizes the average number of shares of common stock and equivalents used to compute primary and fully diluted net income per common share for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994:

	1996	1995	1994
Primary	20,444,790	20,122,772	19,829,609
	=========		========
Fully diluted	24,662,677	20,122,772	19,829,609

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#### Stock Appreciation Rights

In January 1996, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (FAS No. 123). FAS No. 123 establishes a fair value based method of accounting for stock-based compensation plans. FAS No. 123 permits entities to expense an estimated fair value of employee stock options or to continue to measure compensation cost for these plans using the intrinsic value accounting method contained in APB Opinion No. 25. As the Company issues only stock appreciation rights pursuant to various stock incentive plans which are currently paid in cash, the impact of adopting FAS No. 123 did not result in a material change to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### Use of Estimates

Fair Value. The Company uses estimates in establishing fair value for its investments available-for-sale. Estimates of fair value for most investments are based on market prices provided by certain dealers. Estimates of fair value for certain other investments are determined by calculating the present value of the projected net cash flows of the instruments using appropriate discount rates and credit loss assumptions. The discount rates used are based on management's estimates of market rates, and the net cash flows are projected utilizing the current interest rate environment and forecasted prepayment rates. Estimates of fair value for all remaining investments available-for-sale are based primarily on management's judgment. Since the fair value of the Company's investments available-for-sale are based on estimates, actual gains and losses recognized may differ from those estimates recorded in the consolidated financial statements. The fair value of all on- and off-balance sheet financial instruments is presented in Notes 3 and 9.

Allowance for Losses. As discussed in Note 4, the Company has retained credit risk on certain securitized loans. An allowance for losses has been estimated and established for the credit risk retained based on management's judgment. The allowance for losses is evaluated and adjusted periodically by management based on the actual and projected timing and amount of potential credit losses, as well as industry loss experience. Provisions made to increase the allowance related to the credit risk retained is presented as "Provision for Losses" in the accompanying financial statements. The Company's actual credit losses may differ from those estimates used to establish the allowance.

Other Mortgage Securities. Income on certain other mortgage securities is accrued using the effective yield method based upon estimates of future net cash flows to be received over the estimated remaining lives of the mortgage securities. Estimated effective yields are changed prospectively consistent with changes in current interest rates and current prepayment assumptions on the underlying mortgage collateral used by various dealers in mortgage-backed securities. Reductions in carrying value are made when the total projected cash flow is less than the Company's basis, based on either the dealers' prepayment assumptions or, if it would accelerate such adjustments, management's expectations of interest rates and future prepayment rates.

#### NOTE 3 - PORTFOLIO ASSETS

Collateral for Collateralized Bonds and Mortgage Securities The following table summarizes the Company's amortized cost basis and fair value of portfolio assets classified as available-for-sale at December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the related average effective interest rates (calculated for the month ended December 31, 1996 and 1995, and excluding unrealized gains and losses):

<TABLE>

	19	96	19	995
	Fair Value	Effective Interest Rate	Fair Value	Effective Interest Rate
<s></s>	<c></c>		<c></c>	

Collateral for collateralized bonds: Amortized cost Allowance for losses	\$2,668,633 (31,732)		\$1,012,399 (1,800)	8.4%
Amortized cost, net	2,636,901		1,010,599	
Gross unrealized gains	73,696		20,208	
Gross unrealized losses	(8,303)		(1,872)	
	\$2,702,294		\$1,028,935	
Mortgage Securities: Adjustable-rate	\$780,259	6 9%	\$2,087,435 6	5 8%
mortgage securities	Ψ700 <b>,</b> 233	0.50	Ψ2,007,433 C	3.00
Fixed-rate mortgage	29,505	10.9%	35,074	7.9%
securities Other mortgage	88,198	16 12	56,190	15 62
securities	00,190	10.40	30,130	13.00
	897 <b>,</b> 962		2,178,699	
Allowance for losses	(4,934)		(6,188)	
Amortized cost,	893,028		2,172,511	
net				
Gross unrealized gains	23,591		22,488	
Gross unrealized losse	es (24,582)		(45,583)	
	\$892,037		\$2,149,416	5

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Collateral for collateralized bonds. Collateral for collateralized bonds consists of adjustable-rate and fixed-rate mortgage loans secured by first liens on single-family and multi-family residential housing. All collateral for collateralized bonds is pledged to secure repayment of the related debt obligation. All principal and interest (less servicing related fees) on the collateral is remitted to a trustee and is available for payment on the bond obligation. The Company's exposure to loss on collateral for collateralized bonds is limited to its net investment, as collateralized bonds are non-recourse to the Company. The Company may also be exposed to losses from prepayments of the underlying loans to the extent of unamortized net premium on the loans or deferred costs related to the issuance of the collateralized bonds.

The components of collateral for collateralized bonds at December 31, 1996 and 1995 are as follows:

	1996	1995
Mortgage collateral, net		
of allowance	\$2,555,903	\$974,380
Funds held by trustees	2,637	3,056
Accrued interest receivable	18,575	7,801
Unamortized premiums and discounts, net	55,833	22,107
Deferred issuance costs	3 <b>,</b> 953	3 <b>,</b> 255
Unrealized gain	65,393	18,336
\$	2,702,294	\$1,028,93

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Adjustable-Rate Mortgage Securities. ARMs consist of mortgage certificates secured by adjustable-rate mortgage loans.

Fixed-Rate Mortgage Securities. Fixed-rate mortgage securities consist of mortgage certificates secured by mortgage loans that have a fixed rate of interest for at least one year from the balance sheet date.

Other Mortgage Securities. Other mortgage securities include primarily mortgage derivative securities and mortgage residual interests. Mortgage derivative securities are classes of collateralized bonds, mortgage pass-through certificates, or mortgage certificates that pay to the holder substantially all interest (i.e., an interest-only security), or substantially all principal

(i.e., a principal-only security). Mortgage residual interests represent the right to receive the excess of (i) the cash flow from the collateral pledged to secure related mortgage-backed securities, together with any reinvestment income thereon, over (ii) the amount required for principal and interest payments on the mortgage-backed securities or repurchase arrangements, together with any related administrative expenses.

Sale of Securities. Proceeds from sales of mortgage securities totaled \$505,708 in 1996, compared to \$634,364 in 1995. Gross gains of \$4,489 in 1996 and \$15,513 in 1995, and gross losses of \$6,887 in 1996 and \$13,237 in 1995, were realized on those sales. Gross realized losses in 1996 includes the reduction of the basis in certain other mortgage securities recorded as writedowns for permanent impairment as expectations of future prepayments rates would result in the Company receiving less cash than its current basis in those investments. The adjustment recorded by the Company was \$1,460 and is included in the net gain on sale of assets in the accompanying financial statements. Gross realized gains for 1995 includes the recognition of the Company's basis in the repurchase obligation related to convertible adjustable-rate mortgage loans previously securitized or sold as a result of the transfer of this obligation to a third party.

#### NOTE 4 - ALLOWANCE FOR LOSSES ON PORTFOLIO ASSETS

The following table summarizes the activity for the allowance for losses on portfolio assets for the years ended December 31, 1996 and 1995:
<TABLE>

	1996		19	995
	collateral bonds		es collate bonds	Mortgage eral Securities
3>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Beginning balance	\$1,800	\$ 6,188	\$ -	\$ 8,703
Provision for losses	2,300	700	1,800	1,088
Provision recorded due to sale of single-family	29,434	1,600	-	-
operations (see Note 11) Losses charged-off, net	(1,802)	(3,554)	-	(3,603)
	\$31,732	\$4,934	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 800	\$ 6,188

</TABLE>

The Company has limited exposure to credit risk retained on loans which it has securitized through the issuance of collateralized bonds. The aggregate loss exposure is generally limited to the Company's net investment in these collateralized bonds, excluding price premiums and discounts and hedge gains and losses. The Company only incurs credit losses to the extent that losses are incurred in the repossession, foreclosure and sale of the underlying collateral. Such losses generally equal the excess of the principal amount outstanding plus servicer advances, less any proceeds from mortgage or hazard insurance, over the liquidation value of the collateral. An allowance for losses, which is based on industry and Company experience, has been established for estimated potential losses over the expected life of these securities. The allowance for losses for collateralized bonds is included in collateral for collateralized bonds in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

On certain mortgage securities collateralized by mortgage loans purchased by the Company for which mortgage pool insurance is used as the primary source of credit enhancement, the Company has limited exposure to certain credit risks such as fraud in the origination and special hazard not covered by such insurance. An allowance was established based on the estimate of losses at the time of securitization. The Company has not significantly utilized pool insurance as a form of credit enhancement since 1993. Accordingly, the Company's exposure to such potential losses is declining as the remaining outstanding securities pay-down. The allowance for losses for mortgage securities is included in mortgage securities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The allowance for losses is evaluated and adjusted periodically by management based on the actual and estimated amount of potential credit losses, as well as industry and Company loss experience.

NOTE 5 - LOANS HELD FOR SECURITIZATION
The following table summarizes the Company's loans held for securitization at December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

	1996 1995
Secured by multi-family	
residential properties	\$208,230 \$ 7,786
Secured by manufactured homes	40,745 -
Secured by single-family residential properties	21,735 190,898
	270,710 198,684
Net premium (discount)	(5,173) 21,364
	\$ 265,537 \$220,048

The Company originates fixed-rate loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on multi-family residential properties. The Company also originates fixed-rate and adjustable-rate installment loans on manufactured homes which are secured by either a UCC filing or a title. Prior to the sale of its single-family operations (see Note 11), the Company purchased and originated fixed-rate and adjustable-rate loans secured by first mortgages or first deeds of trust on single-family attached or detached residential properties. Subsequent to the sale, the Company is prohibited through March 2001 from purchasing through correspondent relationships or originating through a wholesale network certain types of single-family mortgage loans.

Net premium (discount) on loans held for securitization includes premium paid and discount obtained on loans held for securitization. Additionally, the net premium (discount) is adjusted by the gains and losses generated from corresponding hedging transactions, primarily used to protect the pipeline of commitments to fund loans. The net premium (discount) is deferred as an adjustment to the carrying value of the loans until the loans are securitized or sold.

The Company funded mortgage loans with an aggregate principal balance of \$744,001, \$893,953 and \$2,861,443 during 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. Additionally, the Company made bulk loan purchases totaling \$731,460 and \$22,433 in 1996 and 1995 respectively.

At December 31, 1996, a portion of the loans secured by single-family residential properties consists of loans delinquent in excess of 90 days and not covered by mortgage pool insurance. These loans were funded prior to the sale of the single-family mortgage operations, and were not subsequently securitized due to delinquency issues. The Company recorded a provision for losses of \$2,636 at the time of the sale of the single-family mortgage operations in May 1996. During 1996, losses on loans totaling \$520 were charged-off to the allowance, and the balance of the allowance at December 31, 1996 and 1995 was \$2,290 and \$174, respectively. The remaining balance of single-family residential loans includes loans repurchased from mortgage pass-through securities issued by the Company in prior years and which have mortgage pool insurance to cover losses.

#### NOTE 6 - COLLATERALIZED BONDS

he components of collateralized bonds along with certain other information at December 31, 1996 and 1995 are summarized below:

	1996		1995	
	Bonds Outstanding	_		-
Variable-rate classes Fixed-rate classes Accrued interest payable Unamortized premium		.0% 5% -	\$680,993 253,183 3,021 11,942	6.4%
premium	\$ 2,519,708	\$	949 <b>,</b> 139	

Number of series 31 37

Each series of collateralized bonds may consist of various classes of bonds, either at fixed or variable rates of interest. Payments received on the loans pledged as collateral for collateralized bonds and any reinvestment income thereon are used to make payments on the collateralized bonds (see Note 3). The obligations under the collateralized bonds are payable solely from the collateral for collateralized bonds and are otherwise non-recourse to the Company. The maturity of each class is directly affected by the rate of principal prepayments on the related mortgage collateral. Each series is also subject to redemption according to specific terms of the respective indentures. As a result, the actual maturity of any class of a collateralized bonds series is likely to occur earlier than its stated maturity.

Included in the collateralized bond balance are certain bonds which were not sold, but pledged as collateral for repurchase borrowings. The amount of those repurchase agreements included in collateralized bonds was \$366,689 and \$102,027 at December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively. These amounts are recourse to the Company.

The variable rate classes are based on 1-month London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR). The average effective rate of interest expense for collateralized bonds was 6.5%, 7.2% and 8.3% for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

#### NOTE 7 - REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

The Company utilizes repurchase agreements to finance certain of its investments. These repurchase agreements are generally recourse to the Company. These repurchase agreements bear interest at rates indexed to LIBOR and may be secured by adjustable-rate mortgage securities, fixed-rate mortgage securities, loans held for securitization and certain other mortgage securities. At December 31, 1996, substantially all repurchase agreements had maturities within thirty days. If the counterparty to the repurchase agreement fails to return the collateral, the ultimate realization of the security by the Company may be delayed or limited.

The excess market value of the mortgage assets securing the Company's repurchase obligations at December 31, 1996 did not exceed 10% of shareholders' equity for any of the individual counterparties with whom the Company had contracted these agreements.

The following table summarizes the Company's repurchase agreements outstanding and the weighted average annual rate for these agreements at December 31, 1996 and 1995:

	Amount	Weighted Average Annual Rate	Market Value of Collateral
December 31, 1996: Repurchase agreements secured by:			
<u>-</u>	\$717,232	5.82%	\$ 757,389
Fixed-rate mortgage securities	26,297	5.81%	28,502
Other mortgage securities	12,919	5.96%	20,134
	\$756 <b>,</b> 448		\$ 806,025
December 31, 1995: Repurchase agreements secured by:			
Adjustable-rate mortgage securities	\$1,951,492	5.80%	\$2,040,425
Fixed-rate mortgage securities	24,165	6.03%	34,582
Other mortgage securities	7,701	6.12%	32,202
	\$1,983,358	·	\$2,107,209

#### NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE

The following table summarizes amounts outstanding under the below referenced notes payable facilities and the weighted average annual rate of these facilities at December 31, 1996 and 1995:

	Amount Outstanding	Average Annual	
December 31, 1996:			
Secured:			
Loans held for	\$119,500	6.98%	\$235,845
securitization	+ 113 <b>,</b> 000	0.300	+200,010
Other portfolio assets	11,583	7.87%	33,319
Unsecured: Series A 9.56%	0 000	0 F.C.	
series A 9.50%	9,000	9.56%	-
Series B 10.03%	35,000	10.03%	_
senior notes	33,000	10.038	
Acquisition notes	841	8.00%	_
due 1997-1999			
Acquisition notes	1,200	8.73%	-
due 1999-2001			
	\$177 <b>,</b> 124		\$269,164
December 31, 1995:			
Secured: Loans held for	\$105,681	E (00	\$153,298
securitization	\$105,081	3.08%	\$153,298
IIn a a au ma d			
Unsecured: Series A 9.56%	12,000	9.56%	_
senior notes	12,000	9.50%	_
Series B 10.03%	35,000	10.03%	_
senior notes	20,000	10.000	
Acquisition notes due 1997-1999	1,360	8.00%	-
	0154 041		<u></u>
	\$154,041		\$153 <b>,</b> 298

Secured. At December 31, 1996, the Company had three credit facilities aggregating \$500,000 to finance the funding of loans, of which \$350,000 expires in 1997 and \$150,000 expires in 1998. The interest rates on these facilities range from 1-month LIBOR plus 1% to 1-month LIBOR plus 1.375%. The contractual rates paid on these facilities may be reduced by credits for compensating cash balances. One of these facilities includes a sub-agreement which allows the Company to borrow up to \$30,000 unsecured for working capital purposes. The Company expects that these credit facilities will be renewed, if necessary, at their respective expiration dates, although there can be no assurance of such renewal.

Unsecured. The Company's Series A 9.56% senior notes are payable in annual installments through 1999. The Company's Series B 10.03% senior notes are payable in annual installments through 2001. The Company also issued various unsecured notes payable in conjunction with the acquisition of a multi-family mortgage broker (see Note 10) and the acquisition of a single-family mortgage servicer which was sold in 1996 along with the single-family mortgage operations (see Note 11). The aggregate principal payments due under the unsecured notes for the next five years after December 31, 1996 are \$3,406, \$12,156, \$12,695, \$8,894 and \$8,894.

#### NOTE 9 - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of the Company's recorded financial instruments, as well as information about certain specific off-balance sheet financial instruments as of December 31, 1996 and 1995:

1996 1995

Notional Notional Amount Cost Fair Amount Cost Fair Basis Value Basis Value

- ------ Dasis value Dasis value

Recorded financial instruments:

Assets:						
Collateral for	\$ -	\$2,628,28	8 \$2,699,687	\$ -	\$1,010,59 \$	1,028,935
collateralized						
bonds						
Mortgage	_	882,615	889,542		2,148,759	2.145.670
securities		,	***, *		_,,	_,,
Interest rate cap	1 / 0 0	00 19,025	5,102 1,5	75 000	23,752	3,746
-	±, = > > ,	100 19,023	3,102 1,3	73,000	23, 132	3,740
agreements		0.CE E27	077 710		220 040	222 451
Loans held for	_	265 <b>,</b> 537	277,710		220,048	223,451
securitization						
Other portfolio	-	96 <b>,</b> 236	98 <b>,</b> 378		27 <b>,</b> 585	27,585
assets						
Cash	-	11,396	11,396		22,229	22,229
Liabilities:						
Collateralized	-	2,519,708	2,519,708		949,139	949,139
bonds						
Repurchase	_	756,448	756,448		1,983,35	8 1,983,358
agreements		,	,		, ,	, .,
Notes payable	_	177,124	177,124		154,041	154,041
rayabic		,			101/011	101,011

Off-balance sheet financial instruments:

Financial futures cont	racts:				
Repurchase	-	-	-	1,000,000	 (107)
agreements					
Loans held for	78,170	_	515	274,700	 (628)
securitization					
Options on futures					
contracts:					
Repurchase	-	-	-	2,130,000	 46
agreements					
Loans held for	100,000	-	(55)	30,000	 (2)
securitization					
Interest rate swap					
agreements:					
Mortgage securities	1,020,000	-	(1,177)	1,020,000	-,
Collateralized	432,801	_	334	207,094	 (3,898)
bonds					
Forward delivery contr					
Loans held for	76 <b>,</b> 280	-	293	-	 
securitization					
Commitments to fund	536,931	-	554 <b>,</b> 582	954,900	 985 <b>,</b> 200
loans					

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, a degree of judgment is necessary in evaluating market data and forming these estimates.

Recorded Financial Instruments. The carrying amount of cash and liabilities considered to be financial instruments approximates fair value at December 31, 1996 and 1995. As discussed in Note 2, the fair value of mortgage securities is based on actual dealer price quotes, or by determining the present value of the projected net cash flows using appropriate discount rates and prepayment assumptions.

The Company has purchased over the past four years LIBOR and One-year Constant Maturity Treasury Index (CMT) based interest rate cap agreements to limit its exposure to the lifetime interest rate caps on certain of its adjustable-rate mortgage securities and collateral for collateralized bonds. Under these agreements, the Company will receive additional cash flow should the related index increase above the contracted rates. Contract rates on these cap agreements range from 8.0% to 11.5%, with expiration dates ranging from 1999 to 2004.

Off-Balance Sheet Financial Instruments. The Company may engage in derivative financial instrument activities for the purpose of interest rate risk management. As of December 31, 1996, all of the Company's derivative financial instruments were for purposes other than trading. The Company has credit risk to the extent that the counterparties to the derivative financial instruments do not perform their obligation under the agreements. If one of the counterparties does not perform, the Company would not receive the cash to which it would otherwise be entitled under the conditions of the agreement.

The Company may utilize Eurodollar financial futures and options contracts to moderate the risks inherent in the financing of its mortgage securities with floating rate repurchase agreements. The Company utilizes these instruments to synthetically lengthen the terms of the repurchase agreement financing, generally from one month to three and six months. Under these contracts, the Company will receive additional cash flow if the related Eurodollar index increases above the contracted rates. The Company will pay additional cash flow if the related Eurodollar index decreases below the contracted rates. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had no such financial futures or option contracts. As of December 31, 1995, the Company had contracts with a notional value of \$3,130,000 with contract rates ranging from 5.0% to 5.4%.

The Company may enter into various interest rate swap agreements to limit its exposure to changes in financing rates of certain mortgage securities. The Company has entered into a series of interest rate swap agreements which effectively caps the increase in borrowing costs in any six-month period to 1% for \$1,020,000 notional amount of short-term borrowings. Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, the Company pays the lesser of current 6-month LIBOR, or 6-month LIBOR in effect 180-days prior plus 1%, and receives current 6-month LIBOR. These agreements expire in 2001. The Company has also entered into a 5-year amortizing interest rate swap agreement related to variable-rate collateralized bond classes with a remaining notional of \$178,045. Under the terms of this agreement, the Company receives 1-month LIBOR and pays 6.15%. This agreement expires in 2000. The Company entered into a 7-year amortizing interest rate swap agreement with remaining notional of \$254,756 related to prime-based loans financed with LIBOR-based variable-rate collateralized bonds. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company receives 1-month LIBOR plus 2.65% and pays 1-month average prime in effect 3 months prior.

Forward delivery contracts and financial futures and options contracts are used to reduce exposure to the effect of changes in interest rates on funded mortgage loans, as well as those mortgage loans which the Company has committed to fund. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had entered into commitments to fund multi-family mortgage loans of \$521,684 and manufactured housing loans of \$15,247. The multi-family commitments had original terms of not more than 27 months. The manufactured housing commitments generally had original terms of not more than 60 days. The Company has deferred net hedging gains of \$2,022 at December 31, 1996 and deferred net hedging losses of \$16,647 at December 31, 1995 related to these positions.

#### NOTE 10 - ACQUISITION

On August 30, 1996, the Company acquired Multi-Family Capital Markets, Inc. (MCM), which specializes in the sourcing, underwriting and closing of multi-family loans secured by first liens on apartment properties that have qualified for low income housing tax credits. The Company acquired all of the outstanding stock and assets of MCM for \$4,000. Of this amount, \$2,800 was paid in cash with the remaining \$1,200 paid through the issuance of notes to the sellers, due in installments through September 1, 1999 and September 1, 2001. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase, and accordingly, the purchase price was allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on their estimated fair values as of the date of acquisition. MCM's results of operations are not material to the Company's consolidated financial statements and proforma financial information has therefore not been presented.

## NOTE 11 - SALE OF SINGLE-FAMILY MORTGAGE OPERATIONS

On May 13, 1996, the Company sold its single-family correspondent, wholesale and servicing operations (collectively, the single-family mortgage operations) to Dominion Mortgage Services, Inc. (Dominion), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Dominion Resources, Inc. (NYSE: D). The purchase price was \$67,958 for the stock and assets of the single-family mortgage operations. The terms of the purchase included an initial cash payment of \$20,458, with the remainder of the purchase price paid in five annual installments of \$9,500 beginning January 2, 1997, pursuant to a note agreement. The note bears interest at a rate of 6.50%. The terms of the sale generally prohibit the Company from acquiring single-family, non-conforming residential mortgages through either correspondent relationships or a wholesale network for a period of five years. As a result of the sale, the Company recorded a net gain of \$17,285. Such amount includes a provision of approximately \$31,000 for possible losses on securitized single-family loans where the Company, which performed the servicing of such loans prior to the sale, has retained a portion of the credit risk on these loans.

### NOTE 12 - PREFERRED STOCK

The following table presents a summary of the Company's  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left($ 

- ------ Liquidation Dividends

	Share		
Series A 9.75% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock	\$24.00	\$2.375	\$1.170
Series B 9.55% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock	24.50	2.375	0.423
Series C 9.73% Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock	30.00	0.600	-

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Per

The Company is authorized to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock. For all series issued, dividends are cumulative from the date of issue and are payable quarterly in arrears. The dividends are equal, per share, to the greater of (i) the per quarter base rate of \$0.585 for Series A and Series B, and \$0.73 for Series C, or (ii) the quarterly dividend declared on the Company's common stock. Each share of Series A, Series B and Series C is convertible at any time at the option of the holder into one share of common stock. Each series is redeemable by the Company, in whole or in part, (i) for one share of common stock, plus accrued and unpaid dividends, provided that for 20 trading days within any period of 30 consecutive trading days, the closing price of the common stock equals or exceeds the issue price, or (ii) for cash at the issue price, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends beginning after June 30 and October 31, 1998 for Series A and B, respectively and September 30, 1999 for Series C. Series C was issued in October 1996 with proceeds of \$52,740 net of issuance costs.

1996 1995

In the event of liquidation, the holders of all series of preferred stock will be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Company, prior to any such distribution to the common shareholders, the issue price per share in cash, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends.

#### NOTE 13 - STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

Pursuant to the Company's 1993 Stock Incentive Plan (the Employee Incentive Plan), the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors may grant to eligible employees of the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates for a period of ten years beginning June 17, 1993, stock options, stock appreciation rights (SARs) and restricted stock awards. An aggregate of 675,000 shares of common stock are available for distribution pursuant to stock options, SARs and restricted stock. The shares of common stock subject to any option or SAR that terminates without a payment being made in the form of common stock would become available for distribution pursuant to the Employee Incentive Plan. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors may also grant dividend equivalent rights (DERs) in connection with the grant of options or SARs. These SARs and related DERs generally become exercisable as to 20 percent of the granted amounts each year after the date of the grant.

The following table presents a summary of the SARs outstanding at December 31, 1996 and 1995:

	SARs Exercise Price
December 31, 1994	211,960 \$8 3/4 - 29
Granted Forfeitures	122,585 16 1/8 (24,973 ) 17 7/8 -
SARs exercised	(3,062 ) 17 7/8 - 29
December 31, 1995	306,510 \$8 3/4 - 29
Granted	72,065 \$ 20 3/4 - 23 5/8
Forfeitures	(11,517 16 1/8 - 20 3/4
SARs exercised	(16,114 8 3/4 - 17 7/8
Terminated at sale of single-family mortgage operations	(67,035) 8 3/4 - 29
December 31, 1996	283,909 \$12 3/4 - 29

The Company expensed \$1,664, none and \$8 for SARs and DERs during 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. There were no stock options outstanding as of December 31, 1996 and 1995. The number of SARs vested and exercisable at December 31, 1996 and 1995 was 106,807 and 94,000, respectively.

In 1995, the Company adopted a Stock Incentive Plan for its Board of Directors (the Board Incentive Plan) with terms similar to the Employee Incentive Plan. On May 1, 1995, the date of the initial date of grant under the Board Incentive Plan, each member of the Board of Directors was granted 7,000 SARs. Each Board member subsequently received a grant of 1,000 SARs on May 1, 1996 and will receive an additional grant of 1,000 SARs on May 1, 1997 and 1998, respectively. The SARs granted on May 1, 1995 will become exercisable as to 33 1/3% of the granted amount each of the next three years. Each successive award will become exercisable as to 20% of the granted amounts each year after the date of grant. The maximum period in which any SAR may be exercised is 73 months from the date of grant. The maximum number of shares of common stock encompassed by the SARs granted under the Board Incentive Plan is 100,000. The Company expensed \$163 for SARs and DERs related to the Board Incentive Plan during 1996. There was no such expense recorded for 1995. The number of SARs vested and exercisable at December 31, 1996 was 9,324. There were no SARs vested and exercisable at December 31, 1995.

#### NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEE SAVINGS PLAN

The Company provides an employee savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The employee savings plan allows eligible employees to defer up to 12% of their income on a pretax basis. The Company matched the employees' contribution, up to 6% of the employees' income. The Company may also make discretionary contributions based on the profitability of the Company. The total expense related to the Company's matching and discretionary contributions in 1996, 1995 and 1994 was \$248, \$136 and \$331, respectively. The Company does not provide post employment or post retirement benefits to its employees.

#### NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

The Company makes various representations and warranties relating to the sale or securitization of mortgage loans. To the extent the Company were to breach any of these representations or warranties, and such breach could not be cured within the allowable time period, the Company would be required to repurchase such mortgage loans, and could incur losses. In the opinion of management, no material losses are expected to result from any such representations and warranties.

In connection with the sale of its single-family mortgage operations, the Company has indemnified the purchaser for a period of up to five years for various representations and warranties made as part of the sale. One of the companies included in the sale has been named in a lawsuit seeking class action status regarding violations of the Real Estate Settlement and Procedures Act (RESPA). The lawsuit alleges that this entity violated RESPA by payment of premiums to wholesale brokers for sourcing single-family mortgage loans with above market rates. The plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages. Pursuant to the terms of the sale, the Company has indemnified the purchaser against any such violations of RESPA on loans funded through May 13, 1996. While the ultimate outcome of this action cannot be presently determined, management believes that the ultimate settlement of the case will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition. Additionally, the Company believes that any other matters arising as a result of the indemnifications made at the time of the sale will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition.

As of December 31, 1996, the Company is obligated under noncancelable leases with expiration dates through 2003. The future minimum lease payments under these noncancelable leases are as follows: 1997--\$721; 1998--\$825; 1999--\$787; 2000--\$582; 2001--\$600; and thereafter--\$1,254.

NOTE 16 - SUPPLEMENTAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

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Year Ended December
31,
1996 1995 1994

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:
Cash paid for interest $228,969 $210,638 $177,943

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:
Purchase of collateral for $ $ $

collateralized bonds -- (54,204)
Assumption of collateral for -- 52,314

collateralized bonds

Purchase of collateral for
collateralized bonds, net $ -- $ -- $(1,89)
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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
Resource Mortgage Capital, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Resource Mortgage Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1996. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Resource Mortgage Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1996, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG PEAT MARWICK LLP

Richmond, Virginia February 4, 1997